Part VI: Summary of the risk management plan

Summary of Risk Management Plan for Stavorio

This is a summary of the risk management plan (RMP) for Stavorio. The RMP details important risks of Stavorio, how these risks can be minimised, and how more information will be obtained about Stavorio risks and uncertainties (missing information).

Stavorio summary of product characteristics (SmPC) and its package leaflet give essential information to healthcare professionals and patients on how Stavorio should be used.

Important new concerns or changes to the current ones will be included in updates of Stavorio RMP.

I. The Medicine and What It is used for

Stavorio is authorized for

- Decrease of elevated intraocular pressure in adult patients with ocular hypertension or open-angle glaucoma,
- Decrease of elevated intraocular pressure in pediatric patients with ocular hypertension or pediatric glaucoma: pediatric patients aged 3 years to < 18 years.

It contains travoprost as the active substance and it is given by topical route of administration (ophthalmic).

II. Risks associated with the medicine and activities to minimise or further characterise the risks

Important risks of Stavorio, together with measures to minimize such risks and the proposed studies for learning more about Izba's risks, are outlined below.

Measures to minimize the risks identified for medicinal products can be:

- Specific information, such as warnings, precautions, and advice on correct use, in the package leaflet and SmPC addressed to patients and healthcare professionals;
- Important advice on the medicine's packaging;
- The authorised pack size — the amount of medicine in a pack is chosen so to ensure that the medicine is used correctly;
- The medicine's legal status — the way a medicine is supplied to the patient (e.g. with

or without prescription) can help to minimize its risks.

Together, these measures constitute routine risk minimization measures.

In addition to these measures, information about adverse reactions is collected continuously and regularly analyzed, including PSUR assessment so that immediate action can be taken as necessary. These measures constitute routine pharmacovigilance activities.

II.A List of Important Risks and Missing Information

Important risks of Stavorio are risks that need special risk management activities to further investigate or minimise the risk, so that the medicinal product can be safely administered. Important risks can be regarded as identified or potential. Identified risks are concerns for which there is sufficient proof of a link with the use of Stavorio. Potential risks are concerns for which an association with the use of this medicine is possible based on available data, but this association has not been established yet and needs further evaluation. Missing information refers to information on the safety of the medicinal product that is currently missing and needs to be collected (e.g. on the long-term use of the medicine).

List of important risks and missing information	
Important identified risks	None
Important potential risks	None
Missing information	None

II.B Summary of Important Risks

The safety information in the product information is aligned to the reference medicinal product.

II.C Post-Authorisation Development Plan

II.C.1 Studies Which Are Conditions of the Marketing Authorisation

There are no studies which are conditions of the marketing authorisation or specific obligation of Stavorio.

II.C.2 Other Studies in Post-Authorisation Development Plan

There are no studies required for Stavorio.